# Portland in Perspective: A 50-City Comparison 



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## Table of Contents

Introduction ..... 2
A. Demographics ..... 4
B. Social ..... 8
C. Economic ..... 13
D. Housing ..... 19
Methodology ..... 22
Appendix ..... 23


## Introduction

This is the first annual Portland in Perspective report that looks at the country's largest cities and allows for a broad look at how Portland looks demographically, works economically, and lives domestically. The City Budget Office will update this report annually near the beginning of each calendar year after new five-year American Community Survey (ACS) ${ }^{1}$ data
 published by the U.S. Census Bureau is made available.

The statistics and figures shown on the following pages illustrate where the City of Portland ranks among the 50 largest cities in the U.S. Where relevant, statistics for the 50 largest metro areas are also discussed. Some of the results will be counter to popular belief, while others will confirm preconceived notions. The information included is a sampling of the data available. All of the categories included in the four ACS tables and the subsequent rankings for the City of Portland and the Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro Metropolitan Statistical Area can be found in the Appendix. Though all the available data is presented in these tables, it is important to note that not all of the data allow researchers to draw meaningful conclusions. Anyone viewing the tables should recognize a rule of small numbers and sampling errors. When looking particularly at categories that have a very small number of affirmative answers one should likely not draw any precise conclusions.

It is important to note that the data presented here are citywide. Individual subgroup experiences may differ widely from any city's measurements presented here. Also, many of the topics discussed are related, especially economic variables - for instance, a city's median income is strongly correlated with housing prices. Finally, some data is presented as a proportional value (e.g., the percentage of people aged 25 to 34 ). The sum of the proportions will total $100 \%$. So if a city ranks high in one or more categories, it will necessarily be low in the other categories.

The report is broken into sections based on four primary tables from the ACS - Demographic, Social, Economic, and Housing. Though there is some overlap, each table describes different

[^0]characteristics of the relevant jurisdictions. A full description of the methodology is included at the end of the report.


## A. Demographics

This section highlights information from the "ACS Demographic and Housing Estimates" table for each city and metro area. The characteristics are based in three areas - age, gender, and race/ethnicity. Beyond the highlighted data here, Appendix Table A shows all of the characteristics contained in this table, and the relative rankings, for the City of Portland and the metro area.

AGE - Though Portland is generally thought of as being young, which is true of recent transplants, Portlanders as whole are relatively old compared to other large American cities. As
shown in Figure A.1, the

| TABLE 1. City of Portland Residents by Age, Rank |
| :--- | :--- |
| Age Group Proportion of <br> Total Pop. Rank <br> Under 5 years $6.0 \%$ 45 <br> 5 to 9 years $5.5 \%$ 41 <br> 10 to 14 years $4.7 \%$ 44 <br> 15 to 19 years $5.0 \%$ 47 <br> 20 to 24 years $7.0 \%$ 45 <br> 25 to 34 years $19.6 \%$ 10 <br> 35 to 44 years $16.4 \%$ 2 <br> 45 to 54 years $13.1 \%$ 26 <br> 55 to 59 years $6.4 \%$ 7 <br> 60 to 64 years $5.6 \%$ 5 <br> 65 to 74 years $5.9 \%$ 19 <br> 75 to 84 years $3.1 \%$ 35 <br> 85 years and over $1.8 \%$ 8 | median age of Portland residents, 36.3 years old, is tied for the $4^{\text {th }}$ oldest among the 50 cities. Comparatively, though the metro area median age is slightly older, it ranks only the $21^{\text {st }}$ oldest among the 50 largest metro areas.

Portland's somewhat older median age appears to be largely a function of having relatively few children and young adults. As can be seen in Table 1, Portland ranks in the bottom 10 in every age category under 25 years of age, with the smallest proportion in the late teenage group.

Segmenting the data further, Portland has the $8^{\text {th }}$ highest proportion of its population over the age of 18 and $4^{\text {th }}$ highest over the age of 21 . Looking at the proportion of the population over the age of 65 , Portland ranks near the middle of the 50 cities.

Gender - Something that is reflected in other parts of the data (particularly, when looking at households), Portland has relatively more males than other cities. Figure A. 2 shows the proportion of the population that is male for each of the 50 cities. Though males represent less than half (49.5\%) the population, Portland has the $17^{\text {th }}$ largest percentage of the population that is male. This ranking become slightly higher when looking at the 18 years and older population $\left(14^{\text {th }}\right)$ and the 65 and over population $\left(16^{\text {th }}\right)$. These rankings are even more pronounced in the metro area, with the Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro MSA having the $11^{\text {th }}$ highest proportion of males of the 50 largest metro areas.

RACE/ETHNICITY ${ }^{2}$ - Table 2 summarizes Portland's racial make-up. While having the highest proportion of whites among the 50 cities surveyed, it is also high in most other racial categories. On the other end of the spectrum, Portland has among the lowest proportion of African Americans among the 50 cities.

Just under 10\% of Portlanders are of Hispanic heritage, ranking $34^{\text {th }}$, while the metro area proportion of $11 \%$ Hispanic ranks $23^{\text {rd }}$ among metro

| TABLE 2. City of Portland Residents by Race/Ethnicity |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Race/Ethnicity ${ }^{2}$ Proportion of <br> Total Pop. <br> Rank  <br> White $77.4 \%$ <br> African American $6.3 \%$ <br> Native American $0.8 \%$ <br> Asian $7.5 \%$ <br> Pacific Islander $0.6 \%$ <br> Other $3.1 \%$ <br> Two or More Races $4.4 \%$ <br>   <br> Hispanic/Latino $9.4 \%$ |  |  | areas.

[^1]Figure A.1. City Resident Median Age (in Years)


Figure A.2. City Residents Percent Male


February 10, 2015

## B. Social

This section highlights information from the "Selected Social Characteristics" table for each city and metro area. The topics covered in this table include a variety of individual and family characteristics, including household dynamics, educational measures, and migration patterns. What follows is a small collection of data that can be gleaned from this table. The entire list of characteristics surveyed can be found in Appendix Table B.

Education - Much has been written about the highly educated workforce in the metro area, generally, but also in Portland, usually in describing recent transplants. Figure B. 1 shows that Portland has the $9^{\text {th }}$ highest percentage of its residents over 25 population with at least a bachelor's degree. Among metro areas, the ranking falls to $16^{\text {th }}$. If the education requirement falls to at least a high school education, both the City and metro area rank in the top five of their respective lists. The graphic below depicts the educational attainment of Portlanders over the age of 25 , the relative ranking amongst the 50 cities, and which cities most closely reflect those levels of attainment.

No High School Diploma
-City: 9.5\% (48th)

- Metro: 9.4\% (45th)
- Most Similar Cities: Pittsburgh, Raleigh, Seattle, Virginia Beach

-City: 40.1\% (35th) -Metro: 47.8\% (28th)
- Most Similar Cities: Providence, New York, Miami, Dallas

-City: 32.9\% (7th) -Metro: 30.2\% (11th) - Most Similar Cities: Orlando, San Diego, Charlotte, Austin


Households/Families ${ }^{2}$ - Consistent with the general population of Portland, the City has the $34^{\text {th }}$ highest concentration of households with children under the age of 18 . Unsurprisingly, the average family size in Portland is the $4^{\text {th }}$ smallest of the sampled cities. More interesting, as shown in Figure B.2, of all households with children Portland has the $7^{\text {th }}$ lowest proportion of single-parent households, higher than only four California cities, Seattle, and Salt Lake City. Finally, Table 3 shows the percentage of Portland residents over the age of 15 at a given marital status and where that percentage ranks in the 50 cities.

TABLE 3. City of Portland Residents by Marital Status

| Marital Status | Percentage of <br> Population over <br> 15 years old | Rank |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Never Married | $40.3 \%$ | 34 |
| Married | $40.7 \%$ | 15 |
| Separated | $1.8 \%$ | 46 |
| Widowed | $4.5 \%$ | 40 |
| Divorced | $12.6 \%$ | 16 |

Migration/Residency - There are two main topics relating to migration. One identifies if someone has moved in the last year and the other looks at where they live relative to where they were born. On the first topic Portland is about at the median in terms of moving in the last year, with just over $20 \%$ having moved (ranked $24^{\text {th }}$ among the 50 cities) - though Portland has the $6^{\text {th }}$ highest proportion of residents that moved from another state. The metro area ranks much higher ( $11^{\text {th }}$ ), despite having a smaller proportion of movers at $17.4 \%$. Meanwhile, Figure B. 3 shows the proportion of city residents born outside of their home state. Portland ranks relatively high, $10^{\text {th }}$, with nearly $60 \%$ of residents having been born outside of Oregon.

## Where were Portland Residents Born?



Figure B.1. Percent of Population over 25 with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher


Figure B.2. Percent of Households with Children that are Single-Parent Households


Figure B.3. Percent of Population Born Outside of Home State


## C. Economic

This section highlights information from the "Selected Economic Characteristics" table for each city and metro area. The characteristics summarized in this table include employment, occupation, income, and poverty status. With respect to the data presented in this section, it is important to note that the employment and occupational data reflect the characteristics of those living in the City, not necessarily those working in the City. In addition to the highlighted data here, Appendix Table $C$ shows all of the characteristics contained in this table for the City of Portland and the metro area.

Labor Force - To be counted as part of the labor force, one needs to either be employed or actively looking for work. Of the over 16 population in Portland, nearly 70\% are in the labor force, ranking $10^{\text {th }}$ amongst the 50 cities. Among females in this category, the ranking goes up to $9^{\text {th }}$. Furthermore, Figure C. 1 shows Portland females are employed at a higher rate than all but seven cities. These data are in contrast to the metro area, which ranks closer to the median in these categories.

Occupation/Industry - Table 4 shows the proportion of Portland residents with occupations in broad categories and the relative rank among the 50 cities. Counter to some perception, Portland does not have a high concentration of service employees - in this case using the ACS definitions ${ }^{3}$, which include everything from police officers to restaurant workers.

With respect to which industries employ Portland workers, there

TABLE 4. City of Portland Occupations by Category

| Occupation Category | Percentage of <br> Employed <br> Population over <br> 16 years old | Rank |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Management, Science, \& Arts | $45.3 \%$ | 8 |
| Services | $17.7 \%$ | 40 |
| Sales \& Office | $21.8 \%$ | 44 |
| Natural Resources \& Construction | $4.9 \%$ | 42 |
| Production \& Transportation | $10.4 \%$ | 25 | are particularly high concentrations of industry employment for Portland residents in wholesale trade ( $5^{\text {th }}$ ) and manufacturing ( $10^{\text {th }}$ ). Figure C. 2 shows the percent of each city's residents that work in manufacturing. Meanwhile, Portland residents are less likely to work in government (40 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ ), finance ( $39^{\text {th }}$ ), or transportation and utilities $\left(34^{\text {th }}\right)$, compared with the 50 cities. Also of note, Portland has the $4^{\text {th }}$ highest concentration of workers that count themselves as self-employed.

Poverty/Public Assistance - On most poverty measures, Portland has relatively low concentrations of poverty. Figure C. 3 shows the percentage of residents whose incomes were below the poverty level in the past 12 months for all 50 cities. In contrast, Portland ranks high $\left(16^{\text {th }}\right)$ in food stamp usage, while the metro area has the $3^{\text {rd }}$ highest rate of food stamp among

[^2]metro areas. Among other possibilities, this disparity could be because Oregon does a relatively better job of identifying those that qualify for food stamps and providing benefits to them.

Commuting - The graphic below summarizes the rankings for Portland and the metro area as it relates to commuting. Portland ranks first in the proportion of workers that work from home. With an average commuting time of 24 minutes, Portland residents have the $20^{\text {th }}$ longest commute. Figure $C .4$ shows the average commute-to-work time for all 50 cities.


Income - Income data for Portland (and other cities) is highly correlated with cost-of-living. Given our relatively high housing costs (see Section D), it is somewhat unsurprising that Portland residents have the $12^{\text {th }}$ highest per capita income of the 50 cities - also note that having relatively fewer children helps to

TABLE 5. City of Portland Household Income

| Income Level | Percentage of <br> Households | Rank |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Less Than $\$ 25,000$ | $24.5 \%$ | 39 |
| $\$ 25,000$ to $\$ 49,999$ | $23.5 \%$ | 36 |
| $\$ 50,000$ to $\$ 74,999$ | $17.2 \%$ | 19 |
| $\$ 75,000$ to $\$ 149,999$ | $29.9 \%$ | 10 |
| $\$ 150,000 \& U p$ | $9.6 \%$ | 18 | boost this metric. Even looking at households, Portland has the $11^{\text {th }}$ highest median household income. However, the metro area only ranks $22^{\text {nd }}$ in median household income.

Figure C.1. Percent of Females over 16 that are Employed


Figure C.2. Percent of Employed Residents in Manufacturing


Figure C.3. Percent of Residents In Poverty In Last 12 Months


Figure C.4. Average To-Work Commute Time (Minutes)


## D. Housing

This section highlights information from the "Selected Housing Characteristics" table for each city and metro area. The characteristics relate to housing occupancy, type, costs, and building features. The entire list of characteristics surveyed can be found in Appendix Table D.

Occupancy/Housing Stock - Much has been made recently of the exceptionally low rental vacancy rate for Portland. This is clearly warranted with the City vacancy rate at the $2^{\text {nd }}$ lowest of the 50 cities as reflected in Figure D.1, and the metro area holding down the $4^{\text {th }}$ lowest among metro areas. The types of housing in Portland skew toward single family homes (ranked $15^{\text {th }}$ ). Also of note, there tends to be proportionally more buildings with a large number of housing units than in other cities, as Portland ranks $19^{\text {th }}$ in the proportion of housing in buildings with 20 or more units.

Housing Stock/Values - The housing stock in Portland tends to be owner-occupied ( $15^{\text {th }}$ highest proportion), while the metro area has more rental occupied housing compared to other metro areas $\left(10^{\text {th }}\right)$. As was cited earlier, housing values are highly correlated with incomes. The relatively high incomes in Portland are also reflected in home values. Figure D. 2 shows Portland has having the $9^{\text {th }}$ highest home value for owner occupied homes.

Housing Costs - Unsurprisingly, Portland has a relatively high percentage of owner-occupied housing with a mortgage ( $11^{\text {th }}$ highest). The median owner costs for these units ranks $15^{\text {th }}$ highest among the 50 cities. With respect to rental costs, the low vacancy rate helps push rents higher. Table 6 shows the proportion of renters and relative rank with respect to the percentage of

TABLE 6. City of Portland Rent Cost As a Percentage of Household Income

| Rent as a \% of <br> Income | Proportion of <br> Rental <br> Households | Rank |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Less Than $15 \%$ | $9.6 \%$ | 31 |
| $15 \%$ to $20 \%$ | $12.0 \%$ | 21 |
| $20 \%$ to $25 \%$ | $12.6 \%$ | 22 |
| $25 \%$ to $30 \%$ | $12.3 \%$ | 13 |
| $30 \%$ to $35 \%$ | $8.3 \%$ | 42 |
| $35 \%$ or More | $45.3 \%$ | 21 | income spent on rent.

Figure D.1. Rental Market Vacancy Rate


Figure D.2. Median Home Value (Owner-Occupied Housing Units)


## Methodology

The statistics and graphs cited in this publication were culled from four American Community Survey tables published by the U.S. Census Bureau. The four tables describe the Social, Economic, Housing, and Demographic characteristics of the relevant jurisdictions. The data from the fiveyear tables were used because the sample sizes in the city data for the one-year and three-year tables make drawing clear distinctions difficult. In
 this case, each of the four tables were downloaded for the 50 largest
metropolitan areas in the U.S. based on 2013 population, as well as the largest cities within each of these areas. It should be noted that, though very similar, these are not the fifty largest cities. For instance Tucson, Arizona is one of the 50 largest cities, but not among the 50 largest metro areas. The opposite is true for Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

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## Appendix Table A: ACS Demographic \& Housing Estimates

(US Census Bureau, 2013 American Community Survey, 5-Year Tables)

| Characteristic | City of Portland |  |  |  | Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro MSAMeasure Rank |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Measure |  | Rank |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent |
| SEX AND AGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population | 594,687 |  | 27 |  | 2,260,591 |  | 24 |  |
| Male | 294,306 | 49.5\% | 24 | 17 | 1,116,694 | 49.4\% | 23 | 11 |
| Female | 300,381 | 50.5\% | 27 | 34 | 1,143,897 | 50.6\% | 24 | 39 |
| Under 5 years | 35,449 | 6.0\% | 27 | 45 | 143,540 | 6.3\% | 24 | 33 |
| 5 to 9 years | 32,558 | 5.5\% | 26 | 41 | 150,209 | 6.6\% | 24 | 25 |
| 10 to 14 years | 27,828 | 4.7\% | 28 | 44 | 144,905 | 6.4\% | 26 | 34 |
| 15 to 19 years | 29,850 | 5.0\% | 31 | 47 | 142,413 | 6.3\% | 28 | 44 |
| 20 to 24 years | 41,822 | 7.0\% | 28 | 45 | 141,389 | 6.3\% | 30 | 41 |
| 25 to 34 years | 116,585 | 19.6\% | 21 | 10 | 339,710 | 15.0\% | 22 | 9 |
| 35 to 44 years | 97,317 | 16.4\% | 18 | 2 | 329,563 | 14.6\% | 23 | 10 |
| 45 to 54 years | 77,711 | 13.1\% | 24 | 26 | 317,702 | 14.1\% | 25 | 38 |
| 55 to 59 years | 38,094 | 6.4\% | 21 | 7 | 151,276 | 6.7\% | 23 | 13 |
| 60 to 64 years | 33,382 | 5.6\% | 21 | 5 | 131,399 | 5.8\% | 23 | 10 |
| 65 to 74 years | 35,112 | 5.9\% | 25 | 19 | 152,092 | 6.7\% | 25 | 26 |
| 75 to 84 years | 18,321 | 3.1\% | 29 | 35 | 77,709 | 3.4\% | 27 | 35 |
| 85 years and over | 10,658 | 1.8\% | 17 | 8 | 38,684 | 1.7\% | 24 | 19 |
| Median age (years) | 36 |  | 4 |  | 37 |  | 21 |  |
| 18 years and over | 482,001 | 81.1\% | 24 | 8 | 1,733,438 | 76.7\% | 23 | 19 |
| 21 years and over | 462,029 | 77.7\% | 22 | 4 | 1,652,223 | 73.1\% | 23 | 12 |
| 62 years and over | 82,928 | 13.9\% | 24 | 21 | 343,457 | 15.2\% | 24 | 26 |
|  |  |  |  |  | February 10, 2015 |  |  |  |


| 65 years and over | 64,091 | 10.8\% | 27 | 26 | 268,485 | 11.9\% | 26 | 28 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 years and over | 482,001 |  | 24 |  | 1,733,438 |  | 23 |  |
| Male | 236,997 | 49.2\% | 22 | 14 | 846,640 | 48.8\% | 23 | 13 |
| Female | 245,004 | 50.8\% | 24 | 35 | 886,798 | 51.2\% | 23 | 37 |
| 65 years and over | 64,091 |  | 27 |  | 268,485 |  | 26 |  |
| Male | 26,955 | 42.1\% | 24 | 16 | 117,277 | 43.7\% | 26 | 10 |
| Female | 37,136 | 57.9\% | 28 | 34 | 151,208 | 56.3\% | 27 | 39 |
| RACE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population | 594,687 |  | 27 |  | 2,260,591 |  | 24 |  |
| One race | 568,641 | 95.6\% | 27 | 41 | 2,170,682 | 96.0\% | 24 | 42 |
| Two or more races | 26,046 | 4.4\% | 17 | 10 | 89,909 | 4.0\% | 19 | 9 |
| One race | 568,641 | 95.6\% | 27 | 41 | 2,170,682 | 96.0\% | 24 | 42 |
| White | 460,202 | 77.4\% | 14 | 1 | 1,857,416 | 82.2\% | 22 | 5 |
| Black or African American | 37,225 | 6.3\% | 46 | 47 | 64,958 | 2.9\% | 48 | 48 |
| American Indian and Alaska Native | 4,685 | 0.8\% | 12 | 9 | 18,905 | 0.8\% | 16 | 6 |
| Cherokee tribal grouping | 242 | 0.0\% | 30 | 23 | 1,041 | 0.0\% | 26 | 20 |
| Chippewa tribal grouping | 473 | 0.1\% | 4 | 3 | 983 | 0.0\% | 5 | 4 |
| Navajo tribal grouping | 22 | 0.0\% | 24 | 5 | 463 | 0.0\% | 14 | 5 |
| Sioux tribal grouping | 272 | 0.0\% | 5 | 3 | 927 | 0.0\% | 5 | 3 |
| Asian | 44,552 | 7.5\% | 14 | 9 | 132,990 | 5.9\% | 20 | 13 |
| Asian Indian | 1,556 | 0.3\% | 42 | 43 | 14,667 | 0.6\% | 32 | 36 |
| Chinese | 11,446 | 1.9\% | 13 | 8 | 29,599 | 1.3\% | 17 | 11 |
| Filipino | 3,205 | 0.5\% | 17 | 13 | 13,732 | 0.6\% | 22 | 17 |
| Japanese | 2,867 | 0.5\% | 9 | 8 | 9,879 | 0.4\% | 11 | 7 |
| Korean | 2,437 | 0.4\% | 20 | 18 | 13,574 | 0.6\% | 16 | 9 |
| Vietnamese | 15,729 | 2.6\% | 6 | 3 | 30,383 | 1.3\% | 13 | 8 |
| Other Asian | 7,312 | 1.2\% | 13 | 12 | 21,156 | 0.9\% | 18 | 14 |
| Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 3,293 | 0.6\% | 8 | 3 | 11,583 | 0.5\% | 9 | 6 |
| Native Hawaiian | 535 | 0.1\% | 9 | 2 | 2,513 | 0.1\% | 6 | 2 |
| Guamanian or Chamorro | 80 | 0.0\% | 22 | 7 | 1,347 | 0.1\% | 10 | 2 |
| Samoan | 372 | 0.1\% | 9 | 6 | 1,985 | 0.1\% | 9 | 6 |
| Other Pacific Islander | 2,306 | 0.4\% | 4 | 3 | 5,738 | 0.3\% | 6 | 4 |
| Some other race | 18,684 | 3.1\% | 30 | 32 | 84,830 | 3.8\% | 23 | 22 |

February 10, 2015

| Two or more races | 26,046 | 4.4\% | 17 | 10 | 89,909 | 4.0\% | 19 | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| White and Black or African American | 5,000 | 0.8\% | 24 | 23 | 15,368 | 0.7\% | 33 | 25 |
| White and American Indian and Alaska Native | 6,770 | 1.1\% | 5 | 2 | 23,333 | 1.0\% | 9 | 2 |
| White and Asian | 6,907 | 1.2\% | 10 | 6 | 24,849 | 1.1\% | 14 | 6 |
| Black or African American and American Indian and Alaska Native | 1,182 | 0.2\% | 17 | 12 | 1,826 | 0.1\% | 32 | 11 |
| Race alone or in combination with one or more other races |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population | 594,687 |  | 27 |  | 2,260,591 |  | 24 |  |
| White | 482,916 | 81.2\% | 14 | 1 | 1,937,886 | 85.7\% | 22 | 4 |
| Black or African American | 45,375 | 7.6\% | 46 | 47 | 88,444 | 3.9\% | 48 | 48 |
| American Indian and Alaska Native | 14,603 | 2.5\% | 10 | 5 | 49,520 | 2.2\% | 15 | 5 |
| Asian | 53,995 | 9.1\% | 14 | 9 | 168,763 | 7.5\% | 20 | 11 |
| Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander | 4,979 | 0.8\% | 10 | 7 | 20,307 | 0.9\% | 10 | 6 |
| Some other race | 21,297 | 3.6\% | 28 | 32 | 95,036 | 4.2\% | 23 | 22 |
| HISPANIC OR LATINO AND RACE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population | 594,687 |  | 27 |  | 2,260,591 |  | 24 |  |
| Hispanic or Latino (of any race) | 56,058 | 9.4\% | 29 | 34 | 248,569 | 11.0\% | 24 | 23 |
| Mexican | 42,969 | 7.2\% | 19 | 19 | 200,861 | 8.9\% | 18 | 17 |
| Puerto Rican | 1,689 | 0.3\% | 39 | 39 | 6,259 | 0.3\% | 41 | 40 |
| Cuban | 1,657 | 0.3\% | 22 | 16 | 3,742 | 0.2\% | 28 | 18 |
| Other Hispanic or Latino | 9,743 | 1.6\% | 36 | 37 | 37,707 | 1.7\% | 30 | 34 |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | 538,629 | 90.6\% | 23 | 16 | 2,012,022 | 89.0\% | 25 | 28 |
| White alone | 428,334 | 72.0\% | 11 | 1 | 1,716,630 | 75.9\% | 20 | 8 |
| Black or African American alone | 36,005 | 6.1\% | 46 | 47 | 61,885 | 2.7\% | 48 | 48 |
| American Indian and Alaska Native alone | 3,730 | 0.6\% | 6 | 6 | 13,278 | 0.6\% | 9 | 5 |
| Asian alone | 44,142 | 7.4\% | 14 | 9 | 131,311 | 5.8\% | 20 | 13 |
| Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander alone | 3,212 | 0.5\% | 7 | 3 | 11,121 | 0.5\% | 9 | 6 |
| Some other race alone | 1,183 | 0.2\% | 24 | 16 | 2,921 | 0.1\% | 37 | 34 |
| Two or more races | 22,023 | 3.7\% | 14 | 5 | 74,876 | 3.3\% | 18 | 5 |
| Two races including Some other race | 454 | 0.1\% | 30 | 8 | 2,295 | 0.1\% | 24 | 8 |
| Two races excluding Some other race, and Three or more races | 21,569 | 3.6\% | 12 | 5 | 72,581 | 3.2\% | 17 | 5 |
| Total housing units | 266,581 |  | 26 |  | 927,767 |  | 26 |  |

## Appendix Table B: Selected Social Characteristics

(US Census Bureau, 2013 American Community Survey, 5-Year Tables)

| Characteristic | City of Portland |  |  |  | Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro MSA Measure Rank |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Measure |  | Rank |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent |
| HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total households | 250,133 |  | 21 |  | 870,751 |  | 23 |  |
| Family households (families) | 128,206 | 51.3\% | 24 | 39 | 555,267 | 63.8\% | 24 | 37 |
| With own children under 18 years | 58,249 | 23.3\% | 24 | 34 | 257,637 | 29.6\% | 23 | 30 |
| Married-couple family | 93,716 | 37.5\% | 20 | 16 | 426,091 | 48.9\% | 23 | 13 |
| With own children under 18 years | 39,187 | 15.7\% | 20 | 19 | 183,444 | 21.1\% | 22 | 20 |
| Male householder, no wife present, family | 9,682 | 3.9\% | 30 | 44 | 37,755 | 4.3\% | 26 | 33 |
| With own children under 18 years | 4,842 | 1.9\% | 24 | 36 | 19,908 | 2.3\% | 24 | 14 |
| Female householder, no husband present, family | 24,808 | 9.9\% | 37 | 47 | 91,421 | 10.5\% | 35 | 48 |
| With own children under 18 years | 14,220 | 5.7\% | 36 | 47 | 54,285 | 6.2\% | 34 | 44 |
| Nonfamily households | 121,927 | 48.7\% | 18 | 12 | 315,484 | 36.2\% | 24 | 13 |
| Householder living alone | 87,575 | 35.0\% | 23 | 27 | 239,392 | 27.5\% | 24 | 31 |
| 65 years and over | 21,640 | 8.7\% | 22 | 30 | 75,515 | 8.7\% | 25 | 26 |
| Households with one or more people under 18 years | 62,548 | 25.0\% | 26 | 41 | 278,620 | 32.0\% | 24 | 37 |
| Households with one or more people 65 years and over | 47,551 | 19.0\% | 25 | 34 | 193,340 | 22.2\% | 25 | 35 |
| Average household size | 2.31 |  | 38 |  | 2.55 |  | 32 |  |
| Average family size | 3.04 |  | 47 |  | 3.13 |  | 38 |  |
| RELATIONSHIP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population in households | 578,861 |  | 29 |  | 2,224,235 |  | 24 |  |
| Householder | 250,133 | 43.2\% | 21 | 13 | 870,751 | 39.1\% | 23 | 18 |
| Spouse | 93,768 | 16.2\% | 20 | 7 | 425,990 | 19.2\% | 23 | 7 |
| Child | 139,057 | 24.0\% | 28 | 45 | 642,149 | 28.9\% | 27 | 46 |
| Other relatives | 28,498 | 4.9\% | 35 | 49 | 115,653 | 5.2\% | 29 | 40 |


| Nonrelatives | 67,405 | 11.6\% | 17 | 7 | 169,692 | 7.6\% | 19 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unmarried partner | 25,002 | 4.3\% | 14 | 1 | 65,716 | 3.0\% | 19 | 1 |
| MARITAL STATUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males 15 years and over | 245,519 |  | 22 |  | 891,993 |  | 23 |  |
| Never married | 106,986 | 43.6\% | 25 | 35 | 305,544 | 34.3\% | 25 | 36 |
| Now married, except separated | 102,543 | 41.8\% | 21 | 19 | 458,481 | 51.4\% | 23 | 16 |
| Separated | 4,280 | 1.7\% | 30 | 43 | 14,752 | 1.7\% | 29 | 27 |
| Widowed | 5,019 | 2.0\% | 24 | 35 | 18,232 | 2.0\% | 31 | 36 |
| Divorced | 26,691 | 10.9\% | 22 | 18 | 94,984 | 10.6\% | 22 | 11 |
| Females 15 years and over | 253,333 |  | 25 |  | 929,944 |  | 23 |  |
| Never married | 94,281 | 37.2\% | 26 | 32 | 260,131 | 28.0\% | 27 | 43 |
| Now married, except separated | 100,430 | 39.6\% | 21 | 14 | 453,202 | 48.7\% | 23 | 9 |
| Separated | 4,778 | 1.9\% | 38 | 47 | 18,152 | 2.0\% | 31 | 39 |
| Widowed | 17,674 | 7.0\% | 30 | 41 | 69,291 | 7.5\% | 29 | 39 |
| Divorced | 36,170 | 14.3\% | 21 | 13 | 129,168 | 13.9\% | 21 | 7 |
| FERTILITY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of women 15 to 50 years old who had a birth in the past 12 months <br> Unmarried women (widowed, divorced, and never | 7,799 <br>  <br> 184 |  | 26 35 |  | 29,910 7,956 |  | 22 33 |  |
| married) 0 Per | 2,184 | 28.0\% | 35 | 40 | 7,956 | 26.6\% | 33 | 40 |
| Per 1,000 unmarried women | 22 |  | 42 |  | 27 |  | 40 |  |
| Per 1,000 women 15 to 50 years old | 47 |  | 42 |  | 53 |  | 24 |  |
| Per 1,000 women 15 to 19 years old | 10 |  | 43 |  | 14 |  | 40 |  |
| Per 1,000 women 20 to 34 years old | 64 |  | 41 |  | 90 |  | 30 |  |
| Per 1,000 women 35 to 50 years old | 36 |  | 8 |  | 28 |  | 13 |  |
| GRANDPARENTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of grandparents living with own grandchildren |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| under 18 years | 8,039 |  | 36 |  | 39,099 |  | 30 |  |
| Responsible for grandchildren | 2,567 | 31.9\% | 39 | 39 | 13,142 | 33.6\% | 40 | 35 |
| Years responsible for grandchildren |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 1 year | 504 | 6.3\% | 38 | 36 | 2,845 | 7.3\% | 37 | 34 |
| 1 or 2 years | 772 | 9.6\% | 34 | 25 | 2,976 | 7.6\% | 41 | 36 |
| 3 or 4 years | 277 | 3.4\% | 44 | 47 | 2,035 | 5.2\% | 41 | 39 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | February 10, 2015 |  |  |


| 5 or more years | 1,014 | 12.6\% | 39 | 41 | 5,286 | 13.5\% | 38 | 28 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of grandparents responsible for own |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| grandchildren under 18 years | 2,567 |  | 39 |  | 13,142 |  | 40 |  |
| Who are female | 1,469 | 57.2\% | 42 | 50 | 7,946 | 60.5\% | 40 | 46 |
| Who are married | 1,849 | 72.0\% | 34 | 3 | 9,813 | 74.7\% | 38 | 3 |
| SCHOOL ENROLLMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 3 years and over enrolled in school | 145,222 |  | 29 |  | 576,945 |  | 26 |  |
| Nursery school, preschool | 9,706 | 6.7\% | 23 | 9 | 34,637 | 6.0\% | 28 | 34 |
| Kindergarten | 6,490 | 4.5\% | 28 | 31 | 29,958 | 5.2\% | 25 | 14 |
| Elementary school (grades 1-8) | 47,564 | 32.8\% | 26 | 35 | 232,756 | 40.3\% | 26 | 20 |
| High school (grades 9-12) | 22,527 | 15.5\% | 32 | 41 | 117,837 | 20.4\% | 28 | 30 |
| College or graduate school | 58,935 | 40.6\% | 22 | 14 | 161,757 | 28.0\% | 27 | 26 |
| EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 25 years and over | 427,180 |  | 21 |  | 1,538,135 |  | 23 |  |
| Less than 9th grade | 17,231 | 4.0\% | 30 | 41 | 56,596 | 3.7\% | 30 | 34 |
| 9 9th to 12th grade, no diploma | 23,324 | 5.5\% | 35 | 46 | 87,240 | 5.7\% | 34 | 44 |
| High school graduate (includes equivalency) | 75,072 | 17.6\% | 31 | 44 | 340,565 | 22.1\% | 32 | 40 |
| Some college, no degree | 96,023 | 22.5\% | 20 | 15 | 395,761 | 25.7\% | 20 | 4 |
| Associate's degree | 28,379 | 6.6\% | 20 | 23 | 127,131 | 8.3\% | 24 | 17 |
| Bachelor's degree | 112,254 | 26.3\% | 15 | 8 | 336,502 | 21.9\% | 21 | 11 |
| Graduate or professional degree | 74,897 | 17.5\% | 16 | 6 | 194,340 | 12.6\% | 21 | 17 |
| Percent high school graduate or higher |  | 90.5\% |  | 3 |  | 90.6\% |  | 5 |
| Percent bachelor's degree or higher |  | 43.8\% |  | 9 |  | 34.5\% |  | 16 |
| VETERAN STATUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian population 18 years and over | 481,755 |  | 24 |  | 1,731,978 |  | 23 |  |
| Civilian veterans | 33,951 | 7.0\% | 24 | 24 | 159,268 | 9.2\% | 25 | 19 |
| DISABILITY STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN NONINSTITUTIONALIZED POPULATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population | 589,506 |  | 27 |  | 2,244,592 |  | 23 |  |
| With a disability | 68,974 | 11.7\% | 25 | 27 | 261,405 | 11.6\% | 24 | 20 |


| Under 18 years | 112,526 |  | 26 |  | 526,762 |  | 25 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| With a disability | 4,336 | 3.9\% | 28 | 28 | 21,108 | 4.0\% | 28 | 24 |
| 18 to 64 years | 414,709 |  | 22 |  | 1,454,158 |  | 23 |  |
| With a disability | 40,338 | 9.7\% | 23 | 27 | 143,543 | 9.9\% | 22 | 21 |
| 65 years and over | 62,271 |  | 27 |  | 263,672 |  | 26 |  |
| With a disability | 24,300 | 39.0\% | 23 | 23 | 96,754 | 36.7\% | 25 | 12 |
| RESIDENCE 1 YEAR AGO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 1 year and over | 587,744 |  | 26 |  | 2,233,851 |  | 23 |  |
| Same house | 466,873 | 79.4\% | 26 | 24 | 1,845,399 | 82.6\% | 24 | 39 |
| Different house in the U.S. | 115,031 | 19.6\% | 25 | 27 | 374,871 | 16.8\% | 22 | 11 |
| Same county | 69,766 | 11.9\% | 25 | 36 | 224,392 | 10.0\% | 22 | 20 |
| Different county | 45,265 | 7.7\% | 17 | 11 | 150,479 | 6.7\% | 21 | 9 |
| Same state | 19,479 | 3.3\% | 20 | 21 | 70,826 | 3.2\% | 26 | 20 |
| Different state | 25,786 | 4.4\% | 14 | 6 | 79,653 | 3.6\% | 15 | 4 |
| Abroad | 5,840 | 1.0\% | 19 | 18 | 13,581 | 0.6\% | 25 | 20 |
| PLACE OF BIRTH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population | 594,687 |  | 27 |  | 2,260,591 |  | 24 |  |
| Native | 512,570 | 86.2\% | 27 | 24 | 1,979,510 | 87.6\% | 25 | 28 |
| Born in United States | 504,717 | 84.9\% | 26 | 23 | 1,953,290 | 86.4\% | 25 | 27 |
| State of residence | 244,734 | 41.2\% | 30 | 41 | 973,621 | 43.1\% | 34 | 44 |
| Different state | 259,983 | 43.7\% | 11 | 4 | 979,669 | 43.3\% | 16 | 7 |
| Born in Puerto Rico, U.S. Island areas, or born abroad |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| to American parent(s) <br> Foreign born | 7,853 82,117 | $1.3 \%$ $13.8 \%$ | 27 22 | 22 26 | 26,220 | $1.2 \%$ $12.4 \%$ | 30 24 | 25 23 |
| U.S. CITIZENSHIP STATUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign-born population | 82,117 |  | 22 |  | 281,081 |  | 24 |  |
| Naturalized U.S. citizen | 34,783 | 42.4\% | 20 | 16 | 121,209 | 43.1\% | 24 | 31 |
| Not a U.S. citizen | 47,334 | 57.6\% | 25 | 35 | 159,872 | 56.9\% | 25 | 20 |
| YEAR OF ENTRY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population born outside the United States | 89,970 |  | 23 |  | 307,301 |  | 24 |  |


| Native | 7,853 |  | 27 |  | 26,220 |  | 30 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Entered 2010 or later | 350 | 4.5\% | 28 | 28 | 969 | 3.7\% | 30 | 37 |
| Entered before 2010 | 7,503 | 95.5\% | 27 | 22 | 25,251 | 96.3\% | 30 | 13 |
| Foreign born | 82,117 |  | 22 |  | 281,081 |  | 24 |  |
| Entered 2010 or later | 5,581 | 6.8\% | 20 | 23 | 12,170 | 4.3\% | 27 | 43 |
| Entered before 2010 | 76,536 | 93.2\% | 22 | 28 | 268,911 | 95.7\% | 24 | 8 |
| WORLD REGION OF BIRTH OF FOREIGN BORN <br> Foreign-born population, excluding population born at sea |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Europe | 16,952 | 20.6\% | 11 | 4 | 56,123 | 20.0\% | 18 | 11 |
| Asia | 33,268 | 40.5\% | 14 | 10 | 99,374 | 35.4\% | 22 | 19 |
| Africa | 4,798 | 5.8\% | 24 | 28 | 9,749 | 3.5\% | 32 | 34 |
| Oceania | 2,265 | 2.8\% | 5 | 3 | 5,272 | 1.9\% | 6 | 3 |
| Latin America | 22,188 | 27.0\% | 32 | 42 | 100,163 | 35.6\% | 25 | 33 |
| Northern America | 2,646 | 3.2\% | 10 | 4 | 10,400 | 3.7\% | 17 | 8 |
| LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 5 years and over | 559,238 |  | 26 |  | 2,117,051 |  | 23 |  |
| English only | 453,369 | 81.1\% | 22 | 22 | 1,747,548 | 82.5\% | 26 | 25 |
| Language other than English | 105,869 | 18.9\% | 22 | 29 | 369,503 | 17.5\% | 26 | 25 |
| Speak English less than "very well" | 49,098 | 8.8\% | 21 | 28 | 161,188 | 7.6\% | 26 | 22 |
| Spanish | 39,554 | 7.1\% | 30 | 34 | 171,665 | 8.1\% | 24 | 26 |
| Speak English less than "very well" | 17,429 | 3.1\% | 30 | 33 | 78,496 | 3.7\% | 25 | 27 |
| Other Indo-European languages | 24,608 | 4.4\% | 16 | 13 | 86,092 | 4.1\% | 23 | 17 |
| Speak English less than "very well" | 8,911 | 1.6\% | 14 | 13 | 29,197 | 1.4\% | 20 | 17 |
| Asian and Pacific Islander languages | 34,729 | 6.2\% | 12 | 9 | 95,836 | 4.5\% | 18 | 11 |
| Speak English less than "very well" | 19,543 | 3.5\% | 12 | 9 | 47,306 | 2.2\% | 18 | 11 |
| Other languages | 6,978 | 1.2\% | 21 | 21 | 15,910 | 0.8\% | 25 | 25 |
| Speak English less than "very well" | 3,215 | 0.6\% | 18 | 11 | 6,189 | 0.3\% | 23 | 15 |
| ANCESTRY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population | 594,687 |  | 27 |  | 2,260,591 |  | 24 |  |
| American | 29,644 | 5.0\% | 22 | 13 | 110,010 | 4.9\% | 32 | 26 |
| Arab | 3,761 | 0.6\% | 21 | 24 | 12,669 | 0.6\% | 25 | 19 |
| Czech | 4,359 | 0.7\% | 10 | 3 | 13,154 | 0.6\% | 21 | 10 |


| Danish | 5,531 | 0.9\% | 6 | 4 | 24,879 | 1.1\% | 9 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dutch | 11,303 | 1.9\% | 7 | 3 | 51,280 | 2.3\% | 10 | 2 |
| English | 65,571 | 11.0\% | 9 | 3 | 259,136 | 11.5\% | 17 | 4 |
| French (except Basque) | 19,779 | 3.3\% | 11 | 3 | 75,705 | 3.3\% | 22 | 8 |
| French Canadian | 3,613 | 0.6\% | 9 | 4 | 16,149 | 0.7\% | 16 | 9 |
| German | 107,842 | 18.1\% | 12 | 6 | 461,415 | 20.4\% | 20 | 10 |
| Greek | 2,854 | 0.5\% | 16 | 10 | 8,650 | 0.4\% | 28 | 20 |
| Hungarian | 2,854 | 0.5\% | 14 | 7 | 8,999 | 0.4\% | 29 | 16 |
| Irish | 71,824 | 12.1\% | 14 | 7 | 267,725 | 11.8\% | 28 | 19 |
| Italian | 26,699 | 4.5\% | 19 | 13 | 90,419 | 4.0\% | 32 | 31 |
| Lithuanian | 1,869 | 0.3\% | 11 | 4 | 4,477 | 0.2\% | 23 | 13 |
| Norwegian | 24,163 | 4.1\% | 3 | 3 | 100,162 | 4.4\% | 4 | 3 |
| Polish | 13,342 | 2.2\% | 22 | 17 | 44,000 | 1.9\% | 31 | 26 |
| Portuguese | 2,419 | 0.4\% | 11 | 8 | 9,527 | 0.4\% | 17 | 9 |
| Russian | 12,517 | 2.1\% | 7 | 4 | 38,741 | 1.7\% | 11 | 5 |
| Scotch-Irish | 8,847 | 1.5\% | 14 | 5 | 30,844 | 1.4\% | 15 | 9 |
| Scottish | 20,127 | 3.4\% | 6 | 2 | 72,706 | 3.2\% | 12 | 2 |
| Slovak | 882 | 0.1\% | 17 | 16 | 2,223 | 0.1\% | 33 | 23 |
| Subsaharan African | 8,303 | 1.4\% | 27 | 33 | 16,306 | 0.7\% | 33 | 34 |
| Swedish | 17,155 | 2.9\% | 7 | 4 | 72,230 | 3.2\% | 7 | 4 |
| Swiss | 4,822 | 0.8\% | 3 | 2 | 17,638 | 0.8\% | 5 | 2 |
| Ukrainian | 7,123 | 1.2\% | 5 | 1 | 23,297 | 1.0\% | 8 | 2 |
| Welsh | 7,201 | 1.2\% | 6 | 3 | 24,446 | 1.1\% | 11 | 3 |
| West Indian (excluding Hispanic origin groups) | 1,237 | 0.2\% | 40 | 34 | 2,899 | 0.1\% | 42 | 42 |

## Appendix Table C: Selected Economic Characteristics

(US Census Bureau, 2013 American Community Survey, 5-Year Tables)

| Characteristic | City of Portland |  |  |  | Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro MSA Measure Rank |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Measure |  | Rank |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent |
| EMPLOYMENT STATUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 16 years and over | 493,388 |  | 25 |  | 1,792,977 |  | 23 |  |
| In labor force | 344,158 | 69.8\% | 21 | 10 | 1,206,724 | 67.3\% | 23 | 22 |
| Civilian labor force | 343,912 | 69.7\% | 21 | 9 | 1,205,264 | 67.2\% | 23 | 21 |
| Employed | 308,589 | 62.5\% | 22 | 12 | 1,078,842 | 60.2\% | 23 | 23 |
| Unemployed | 35,323 | 7.2\% | 25 | 30 | 126,422 | 7.1\% | 24 | 11 |
| Armed Forces | 246 | 0.0\% | 34 | 32 | 1,460 | 0.1\% | 38 | 23 |
| Not in labor force | 149,230 | 30.2\% | 27 | 40 | 586,253 | 32.7\% | 26 | 28 |
| Civilian labor force | 343,912 |  | 21 |  | 1,205,264 |  | 23 |  |
| Percent Unemployed |  | 10.3\% |  | 33 |  | 10.5\% |  | 15 |
| Females 16 years and over | 250,532 |  | 24 |  | 916,110 |  | 23 |  |
| In labor force | 165,089 | 65.9\% | 23 | 9 | 564,771 | 61.6\% | 23 | 25 |
| Civilian labor force | 165,024 | 65.9\% | 23 | 9 | 564,528 | 61.6\% | 23 | 23 |
| Employed | 150,338 | 60.0\% | 22 | 8 | 509,255 | 55.6\% | 23 | 22 |
| Own children under 6 years | 40,704 |  | 25 |  | 166,637 |  | 24 |  |
| All parents in family in labor force | 26,460 | 65.0\% | 28 | 32 | 102,746 | 61.7\% | 31 | 41 |
| Own children 6 to 17 years | 67,154 |  | 26 |  | 338,751 |  | 25 | 25 |
| All parents in family in labor force | 47,806 | 71.2\% | 28 | 31 | 233,633 | 69.0\% | 29 | 40 |
| COMMUTING TO WORK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Workers 16 years and over | 302,410 |  | 22 |  | 1,055,911 |  | 23 |  |
| Car, truck, or van -- drove alone | 178,423 | 59.0\% | 24 | 41 | 752,290 | 71.2\% | 30 | 44 |
| Car, truck, or van -- carpooled | 27,461 | 9.1\% | 24 | 36 | 100,776 | 9.5\% | 25 | 25 |
| Public transportation (excluding taxicab) | 35,219 | 11.6\% | 11 | 13 | 64,322 | 6.1\% | 14 | 9 |


| Walked | 17,549 | 5.8\% | 11 | 14 | 36,862 | 3.5\% | 15 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other means | 21,728 | 7.2\% | 6 | 1 | 33,973 | 3.2\% | 14 | 1 |
| Worked at home | 22,030 | 7.3\% | 11 | 1 | 67,688 | 6.4\% | 18 | 2 |
| Mean travel time to work (minutes) | 24 |  | 20 |  | 25 |  | 28 |  |
| OCCUPATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian employed population 16 years and over | 308,589 |  | 22 |  | 1,078,842 |  | 23 |  |
| Management, business, science, and arts occupations | 139,745 | 45.3\% | 18 | 8 | 429,169 | 39.8\% | 23 | 16 |
| Service occupations | 54,535 | 17.7\% | 24 | 40 | 180,164 | 16.7\% | 26 | 30 |
| Sales and office occupations | 67,189 | 21.8\% | 24 | 44 | 262,015 | 24.3\% | 25 | 40 |
| Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations | 15,159 | 4.9\% | 26 | 42 | 82,190 | 7.6\% | 25 | 33 |
| Production, transportation, and material moving occupations | 31,961 | 10.4\% | 19 | 25 | 125,304 | 11.6\% | 21 | 19 |
| INDUSTRY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian employed population 16 years and over | 308,589 |  | 22 |  | 1,078,842 |  | 23 |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining | 2,009 | 0.7\% | 12 | 7 | 15,119 | 1.4\% | 12 | 4 |
| Construction | 12,337 | 4.0\% | 26 | 33 | 60,896 | 5.6\% | 27 | 33 |
| Manufacturing | 29,462 | 9.5\% | 15 | 10 | 137,186 | 12.7\% | 19 | 9 |
| Wholesale trade | 10,199 | 3.3\% | 15 | 5 | 36,898 | 3.4\% | 20 | 7 |
| Retail trade | 33,132 | 10.7\% | 20 | 21 | 125,913 | 11.7\% | 24 | 20 |
| Transportation and warehousing, and utilities | 12,529 | 4.1\% | 21 | 34 | 53,089 | 4.9\% | 25 | 24 |
| Information | 8,241 | 2.7\% | 20 | 14 | 22,042 | 2.0\% | 28 | 30 |
| Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing | 18,687 | 6.1\% | 24 | 39 | 74,763 | 6.9\% | 28 | 31 |
| Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services | 42,102 | 13.6\% | 21 | 18 | 127,991 | 11.9\% | 25 | 24 |
| Educational services, and health care and social assistance | 78,365 | 25.4\% | 18 | 19 | 236,188 | 21.9\% | 24 | 30 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services | 34,446 | 11.2\% | 22 | 22 | 95,544 | 8.9\% | 27 | 31 |
| Other services, except public administration | 16,894 | 5.5\% | 20 | 12 | 54,784 | 5.1\% | 22 | 14 |
| Public administration | 10,186 | 3.3\% | 31 | 40 | 38,429 | 3.6\% | 31 | 38 |
| CLASS OF WORKER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian employed population 16 years and over | 308,589 |  | 22 |  | 1,078,842 |  | 23 |  |


| Private wage and salary workers | 245,403 | 79.5\% | 21 | 32 | 871,771 | 80.8\% | 24 | 27 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Government workers | 38,178 | 12.4\% | 24 | 31 | 129,149 | 12.0\% | 28 | 34 |
| Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers | 24,701 | 8.0\% | 12 | 4 | 76,481 | 7.1\% | 19 | 8 |
| Unpaid family workers | 307 | 0.1\% | 23 | 8 | 1,441 | 0.1\% | 22 | 7 |
| INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2013 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total households | 250,133 |  | 21 |  | 870,751 |  | 23 |  |
| Less than \$10,000 | 21,674 | 8.7\% | 30 | 34 | 53,778 | 6.2\% | 28 | 31 |
| \$10,000 to \$14,999 | 14,247 | 5.7\% | 25 | 35 | 38,362 | 4.4\% | 29 | 32 |
| \$15,000 to \$24,999 | 25,381 | 10.1\% | 25 | 41 | 80,994 | 9.3\% | 27 | 32 |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999 | 24,944 | 10.0\% | 23 | 38 | 83,593 | 9.6\% | 25 | 30 |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 33,729 | 13.5\% | 23 | 31 | 118,593 | 13.6\% | 25 | 21 |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999 | 43,116 | 17.2\% | 20 | 19 | 163,953 | 18.8\% | 23 | 9 |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999 | 30,438 | 12.2\% | 18 | 8 | 119,094 | 13.7\% | 23 | 6 |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999 | 32,654 | 13.1\% | 18 | 9 | 127,027 | 14.6\% | 21 | 20 |
| \$150,000 to \$199,999 | 11,581 | 4.6\% | 18 | 15 | 45,730 | 5.3\% | 23 | 23 |
| \$200,000 or more | 12,369 | 4.9\% | 19 | 19 | 39,627 | 4.6\% | 24 | 24 |
| Median household income (dollars) | 52,657 |  | 11 |  | 58,110 |  | 22 |  |
| Mean household income (dollars) | 73,160 |  | 15 |  | 76,194 |  | 23 |  |
| With earnings | 202,513 | 81.0\% | 21 | 20 | 700,338 | 80.4\% | 23 | 28 |
| Mean earnings (dollars) | 73,990 |  | 18 |  | 76,202 |  | 23 |  |
| With Social Security | 55,515 | 22.2\% | 24 | 30 | 222,072 | 25.5\% | 24 | 31 |
| Mean Social Security income (dollars) | 16,475 |  | 14 |  | 17,780 |  | 13 |  |
| With retirement income | 32,991 | 13.2\% | 25 | 23 | 141,624 | 16.3\% | 27 | 29 |
| Mean retirement income (dollars) | 24,511 |  | 18 |  | 24,463 |  | 22 |  |
| With Supplemental Security Income | 9,984 | 4.0\% | 32 | 42 | 31,852 | 3.7\% | 29 | 38 |
| Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars) | 9,130 |  | 12 |  | 9,437 |  | 20 |  |
| With cash public assistance income | 10,780 | 4.3\% | 15 | 14 | 32,352 | 3.7\% | 18 | 6 |
| Mean cash public assistance income (dollars) | 4,039 |  | 12 |  | 3,972 |  | 17 |  |
| With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months | 46,401 | 18.6\% | 16 | 16 | 135,993 | 15.6\% | 17 | 3 |
| Families | 128,206 |  | 24 |  | 555,267 |  | 24 |  |
| Less than \$10,000 | 6,784 | 5.3\% | 36 | 41 | 23,232 | 4.2\% | 28 | 31 |
| \$10,000 to \$14,999 | 4,447 | 3.5\% | 29 | 40 | 14,721 | 2.7\% | 27 | 31 |


| \$15,000 to \$24,999 | 9,373 | 7.3\% | 32 | 47 | 35,409 | 6.4\% | 30 | 37 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$25,000 to \$34,999 | 10,286 | 8.0\% | 30 | 43 | 43,574 | 7.8\% | 27 | 33 |
| \$35,000 to \$49,999 | 15,983 | 12.5\% | 25 | 35 | 69,062 | 12.4\% | 26 | 23 |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999 | 23,035 | 18.0\% | 22 | 18 | 108,440 | 19.5\% | 24 | 18 |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999 | 18,915 | 14.8\% | 20 | 2 | 88,977 | 16.0\% | 23 | 5 |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999 | 21,700 | 16.9\% | 19 | 6 | 100,874 | 18.2\% | 22 | 21 |
| \$150,000 to \$199,999 | 8,176 | 6.4\% | 20 | 13 | 37,901 | 6.8\% | 23 | 25 |
| \$200,000 or more | 9,507 | 7.4\% | 19 | 18 | 33,077 | 6.0\% | 26 | 25 |
| Median family income (dollars) | 68,036 |  | 9 |  | 70,969 |  | 19 |  |
| Mean family income (dollars) | 90,629 |  | 16 |  | 88,588 |  | 24 |  |
| Per capita income (dollars) | 31,839 |  | 12 |  | 30,098 |  | 17 |  |
| Nonfamily households | 121,927 |  | 18 |  | 315,484 |  | 24 |  |
| Median nonfamily income (dollars) | 37,330 |  | 18 |  | 37,287 |  | 21 |  |
| Mean nonfamily income (dollars) | 51,984 |  | 19 |  | 50,850 |  | 19 |  |
| Median earnings for workers (dollars) | 30,622 |  | 16 |  | 31,652 |  | 26 |  |
| Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars) | 49,141 |  | 10 |  | 52,937 |  | 16 |  |
| Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars) | 43,088 |  | 11 |  | 41,603 |  | 19 |  |
| HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian noninstitutionalized population | 589,506 |  | 27 |  | 2,244,592 |  | 23 |  |
| With health insurance coverage | 496,703 | 84.3\% | 27 | 17 | 1,926,863 | 85.8\% | 23 | 29 |
| With private health insurance | 402,938 | 68.4\% | 20 | 7 | 1,589,652 | 70.8\% | 23 | 22 |
| With public coverage | 147,576 | 25.0\% | 30 | 43 | 575,136 | 25.6\% | 28 | 34 |
| No health insurance coverage | 92,803 | 15.7\% | 23 | 33 | 317,729 | 14.2\% | 23 | 21 |
| Civilian noninstitutionalized population under 18 years | 112,526 |  | 26 |  | 526,762 |  | 25 |  |
| No health insurance coverage | 6,156 | 5.5\% | 33 | 32 | 33,720 | 6.4\% | 27 | 23 |
| Civilian noninstitutionalized population 18 to 64 years | 414,709 |  | 22 |  | 1,454,158 |  | 23 |  |
| In labor force: | 331,533 |  | 21 |  | 1,150,599 |  | 22 |  |
| Employed: | 297,875 |  | 21 |  | 1,032,284 |  | 23 |  |
| With health insurance coverage | 245,890 | 82.5\% | 21 | 15 | 865,682 | 83.9\% | 23 | 28 |



## Appendix Table D: Selected Housing Characteristics

(US Census Bureau, 2013 American Community Survey, 5-Year Tables)

| Characteristic | City of Portland |  |  |  | Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro MSA Measure $\square$ Rank |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent | Amount | Percent |
| HOUSING OCCUPANCY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total housing units | 266,581 |  | 26 |  | 927,767 |  | 26 |  |
| Occupied housing units | 250,133 | 93.8\% | 21 | 2 | 870,751 | 93.9\% | 23 | 3 |
| Vacant housing units | 16,448 | 6.2\% | 40 | 49 | 57,016 | 6.1\% | 42 | 48 |
| Homeowner vacancy rate | 2.1 |  | 38 |  | 1.9 |  | 29 |  |
| Rental vacancy rate | 3.4 |  | 49 |  | 4.3 |  | 47 |  |
| UNITS IN STRUCTURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total housing units | 266,581 |  | 26 |  | 927,767 |  | 26 |  |
| 1-unit, detached | 150,601 | 56.5\% | 19 | 15 | 575,435 | 62.0\% | 28 | 26 |
| 1-unit, attached | 10,000 | 3.8\% | 37 | 41 | 47,895 | 5.2\% | 29 | 29 |
| 2 units | 11,262 | 4.2\% | 24 | 23 | 27,260 | 2.9\% | 23 | 18 |
| 3 or 4 units | 15,454 | 5.8\% | 26 | 26 | 43,410 | 4.7\% | 25 | 19 |
| 5 to 9 units | 13,974 | 5.2\% | 32 | 42 | 49,919 | 5.4\% | 27 | 24 |
| 10 to 19 units | 14,011 | 5.3\% | 32 | 38 | 45,395 | 4.9\% | 27 | 30 |
| 20 or more units | 46,861 | 17.6\% | 19 | 19 | 99,130 | 10.7\% | 19 | 16 |
| Mobile home | 4,006 | 1.5\% | 16 | 10 | 37,913 | 4.1\% | 20 | 14 |
| Boat, RV, van, etc. | 412 | 0.2\% | 5 | 1 | 1,410 | 0.2\% | 10 | 1 |
| YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total housing units | 266,581 |  | 26 |  | 927,767 |  | 26 |  |
| Built 2010 or later | 1,173 | 0.4\% | 26 | 22 | 5,432 | 0.6\% | 28 | 19 |
| Built 2000 to 2009 | 30,797 | 11.6\% | 24 | 22 | 149,100 | 16.1\% | 24 | 23 |
| Built 1990 to 1999 | 22,396 | 8.4\% | 24 | 24 | 176,648 | 19.0\% | 19 | 8 |
| Built 1980 to 1989 | 14,702 | 5.5\% | 32 | 35 | 107,375 | 11.6\% | 32 | 35 |


| Built 1970 to 1979 | 30,818 | 11.6\% | 22 | 29 | 169,177 | 18.2\% | 21 | 11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Built 1960 to 1969 | 25,993 | 9.8\% | 28 | 33 | 85,224 | 9.2\% | 32 | 42 |
| Built 1950 to 1959 | 34,816 | 13.1\% | 23 | 24 | 70,038 | 7.5\% | 36 | 41 |
| Built 1940 to 1949 | 23,813 | 8.9\% | 18 | 21 | 46,635 | 5.0\% | 22 | 25 |
| Built 1939 or earlier | 82,073 | 30.8\% | 16 | 21 | 118,138 | 12.7\% | 19 | 21 |
| ROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total housing units | 266,581 |  | 26 |  | 927,767 |  | 26 |  |
| 1 room | 11,897 | 4.5\% | 14 | 11 | 19,369 | 2.1\% | 19 | 12 |
| 2 rooms | 17,016 | 6.4\% | 15 | 5 | 33,315 | 3.6\% | 17 | 9 |
| 3 rooms | 31,984 | 12.0\% | 24 | 26 | 82,338 | 8.9\% | 25 | 22 |
| 4 rooms | 48,559 | 18.2\% | 25 | 35 | 156,774 | 16.9\% | 23 | 13 |
| 5 rooms | 46,150 | 17.3\% | 28 | 39 | 170,861 | 18.4\% | 28 | 35 |
| 6 rooms | 40,593 | 15.2\% | 27 | 31 | 154,689 | 16.7\% | 31 | 37 |
| 7 rooms | 27,091 | 10.2\% | 25 | 26 | 116,412 | 12.5\% | 27 | 26 |
| 8 rooms | 18,872 | 7.1\% | 24 | 12 | 82,882 | 8.9\% | 29 | 27 |
| 9 rooms or more | 24,419 | 9.2\% | 20 | 10 | 111,127 | 12.0\% | 25 | 21 |
| Median rooms | 5 |  | 24 |  | 6 |  | 27 |  |
| BEDROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total housing units | 266,581 |  | 26 |  | 927,767 |  | 26 |  |
| No bedroom | 14,481 | 5.4\% | 13 | 11 | 22,968 | 2.5\% | 20 | 10 |
| 1 bedroom | 46,189 | 17.3\% | 22 | 24 | 102,810 | 11.1\% | 26 | 26 |
| 2 bedrooms | 82,711 | 31.0\% | 23 | 25 | 244,226 | 26.3\% | 24 | 20 |
| 3 bedrooms | 82,497 | 30.9\% | 25 | 29 | 366,460 | 39.5\% | 24 | 22 |
| 4 bedrooms | 32,002 | 12.0\% | 24 | 18 | 152,227 | 16.4\% | 30 | 35 |
| 5 or more bedrooms | 8,701 | 3.3\% | 24 | 23 | 39,076 | 4.2\% | 26 | 25 |
| HOUSING TENURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Occupied housing units | 250,133 |  | 21 |  | 870,751 |  | 23 |  |
| Owner-occupied | 133,467 | 53.4\% | 21 | 15 | 533,616 | 61.3\% | 26 | 40 |
| Renter-occupied | 116,666 | 46.6\% | 25 | 36 | 337,135 | 38.7\% | 21 | 10 |
| Average household size of owner-occupied unit | 2.48 |  | 33 |  | 2.66 |  | 30 |  |
| Average household size of renter-occupied unit | 2.12 |  | 45 |  | 2.39 |  | 30 |  |


| Occupied housing units | 250,133 |  | 21 |  | 870,751 |  | 23 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Moved in 2010 or later | 58,140 | 23.2\% | 23 | 30 | 174,929 | 20.1\% | 22 | 14 |
| Moved in 2000 to 2009 | 126,640 | 50.6\% | 19 | 6 | 445,075 | 51.1\% | 22 | 11 |
| Moved in 1990 to 1999 | 33,873 | 13.5\% | 24 | 26 | 141,410 | 16.2\% | 25 | 30 |
| Moved in 1980 to 1989 | 15,310 | 6.1\% | 22 | 27 | 55,844 | 6.4\% | 29 | 40 |
| Moved in 1970 to 1979 | 8,824 | 3.5\% | 28 | 39 | 34,099 | 3.9\% | 33 | 36 |
| Moved in 1969 or earlier | 7,346 | 2.9\% | 29 | 40 | 19,394 | 2.2\% | 40 | 40 |
| VEHICLES AVAILABLE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Occupied housing units | 250,133 |  | 21 |  | 870,751 |  | 23 |  |
| No vehicles available | 37,496 | 15.0\% | 17 | 23 | 74,380 | 8.5\% | 21 | 18 |
| 1 vehicle available | 99,834 | 39.9\% | 24 | 37 | 288,440 | 33.1\% | 25 | 31 |
| 2 vehicles available | 83,105 | 33.2\% | 21 | 25 | 335,226 | 38.5\% | 24 | 23 |
| 3 or more vehicles available | 29,698 | 11.9\% | 22 | 24 | 172,705 | 19.8\% | 23 | 21 |
| HOUSE HEATING FUEL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Occupied housing units | 250,133 |  | 21 |  | 870,751 |  | 23 |  |
| Utility gas | 128,255 | 51.3\% | 29 | 34 | 393,718 | 45.2\% | 31 | 33 |
| Bottled, tank, or LP gas | 2,012 | 0.8\% | 28 | 32 | 10,889 | 1.3\% | 42 | 41 |
| Electricity | 97,751 | 39.1\% | 20 | 20 | 401,365 | 46.1\% | 17 | 18 |
| Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. | 16,410 | 6.6\% | 6 | 8 | 26,707 | 3.1\% | 12 | 13 |
| Coal or coke | 6 | 0.0\% | 42 | 5 | 48 | 0.0\% | 34 | 11 |
| Wood | 3,269 | 1.3\% | 1 | 1 | 31,203 | 3.6\% | 1 | 1 |
| Solar energy | 45 | 0.0\% | 27 | 11 | 236 | 0.0\% | 19 | 9 |
| Other fuel | 1,291 | 0.5\% | 11 | 13 | 4,277 | 0.5\% | 15 | 8 |
| No fuel used | 1,094 | 0.4\% | 25 | 31 | 2,308 | 0.3\% | 30 | 23 |
| SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Occupied housing units | 250,133 |  | 21 |  | 870,751 |  | 23 |  |
| Lacking complete plumbing facilities | 2,103 | 0.8\% | 12 | 8 | 4,524 | 0.5\% | 17 | 6 |
| Lacking complete kitchen facilities | 3,901 | 1.6\% | 12 | 6 | 11,611 | 1.3\% | 15 | 3 |
| No telephone service available | 7,197 | 2.9\% | 20 | 24 | 19,592 | 2.3\% | 25 | 18 |
| OCCUPANTS PER ROOM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Occupied housing units | 250,133 |  | 21 |  | 870,751 |  | 23 |  |
| 1.00 or less | 243,198 | 97.2\% | 21 | 22 | 846,340 | 97.2\% | 23 | 32 |
| 1.01 to 1.50 | 5,062 | 2.0\% | 25 | 28 | 19,150 | 2.2\% | 23 | 17 |

February 10, 2015


## SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS A PERCENTAGE

## OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME (SMOCAPI)

Housing units with a mortgage (excluding units where
SMOCAPI cannot be computed)
Less than 20.0 percent
Less than 20.0 percent
20.0 to 24.9 percent
25.0 to 29.9 percent
30.0 to 34.9 percent
35.0 percent or more

Not computed
Housing unit without a mortgage (excluding units where
SMOCAPI cannot be computed)

| 101,401 |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| 31,712 | $31.3 \%$ |
| 16,225 | $16.0 \%$ |
| 14,030 | $13.8 \%$ |
| 10,257 | $10.1 \%$ |
| 29,177 | $28.8 \%$ |


| 399,471 |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 122,535 | $30.7 \%$ | 29 | 37 |
| 67,136 | $16.8 \%$ | 23 | 23 |
| 55,824 | $14.0 \%$ | 21 | 1 |
| 40,435 | $10.1 \%$ | 21 | 8 |
| 113,541 | $28.4 \%$ | 24 | 18 |
| 1,878 |  | 25 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 131,128 |  | 29 |  |
| 50,049 | $38.2 \%$ | 33 | 36 |
| 27,053 | $20.6 \%$ | 27 | 14 |
| 1,225 | $12.4 \%$ | 27 | 22 |
| 10,642 | $8.1 \%$ | 27 | 14 |
| 7,016 | $5.4 \%$ | 27 | 13 |
| 4,613 | $3.5 \%$ | 29 | 18 |
| 15,530 | $11.8 \%$ | 28 | 18 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 1,139 |  | 41 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 21 |  |
| 326,666 |  | 29 |  |
| 4,218 | $1.3 \%$ | 26 | 24 |
| 6,426 | $2.0 \%$ | 29 | 33 |
| 10,437 | $3.2 \%$ | 38 | 39 |
| 54,128 | $16.6 \%$ | 27 | 30 |
| 111,452 | $34.1 \%$ | 13 | 2 |
| 97,604 | $29.9 \%$ | 24 | 27 |
| 42,401 | $13.0 \%$ | 22 | 19 |
| 942 |  | 26 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## GROSS RENT

Occupied units paying rent
Less than \$200
\$200 to \$299
\$300 to \$499
\$500 to \$749
\$750 to \$999
$\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 1,499$
$\$ 1,500$ or more
Median (dollars)

| 113,381 |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| 2,315 | $2.0 \%$ |
| 3,134 | $2.8 \%$ |
| 4,180 | $3.7 \%$ |
| 21,438 | $18.9 \%$ |
| 36,047 | $31.8 \%$ |
| 30,511 | $26.9 \%$ |
| 15,756 | $13.9 \%$ |
| 915 |  |



February 10, 2015

| No rent paid | 3,285 |  | 24 |  | 10,469 |  | 29 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GROSS RENT AS A PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME (GRAPI) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Occupied units paying rent (excluding units where GRAPI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| cannot be computed) | 110,696 |  | 24 |  | 321,441 |  | 21 |  |
| Less than 15.0 percent | 10,573 | 9.6\% | 25 | 31 | 32,224 | 10.0\% | 25 | 38 |
| 15.0 to 19.9 percent | 13,329 | 12.0\% | 21 | 21 | 40,232 | 12.5\% | 19 | 26 |
| 20.0 to 24.9 percent | 13,924 | 12.6\% | 21 | 22 | 42,082 | 13.1\% | 20 | 21 |
| 25.0 to 29.9 percent | 13,583 | 12.3\% | 22 | 13 | 39,808 | 12.4\% | 20 | 10 |
| 30.0 to 34.9 percent | 9,138 | 8.3\% | 25 | 42 | 28,829 | 9.0\% | 21 | 27 |
| 35.0 percent or more | 50,149 | 45.3\% | 26 | 21 | 138,266 | 43.0\% | 21 | 20 |
| Not computed | 5,970 |  | 29 |  | 15,694 |  | 33 |  |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ For more information on the American Community Survey: http://www.census.gov/acs/www/about the survey/american community survey/

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ For more on American Community Survey definitions:
    http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data documentation/SubjectDefinitions/2013 A CSSubjectDefinitions.pdf

[^2]:    ${ }^{3}$ For more information on ACS occupation definitions: http://www.bls.gov/soc/

